

S1 1MD7T/S11MD8T/S1 1MD9T Low Input Driving Type S21 MD7T/S21MD8T/S21MD9T Phototriac Coupler

※Taping reel type of s21 md8t is also available (S21 MD8P)(Page 656)

※DIN-VDE0884 approved type is also available.

■ Features

- Low input driving current
(S1 1MD7T/S11 MD8T/S21MD7T/S21 MD8T)
 I_{FT} : MAX. 5mA
(S11 MD9T/S21 MD9T) I_{FT} : MAX.7mA)
- Pin No. 5 completely molded for external noise resistance
- Built-in zero-cross circuit (S1 1MD8T/S21MD8T)
- High repetitive peak OFF-state voltage
(s1 1MD7T/S11MD8T/S11MD9T)
 V_{DRM} : MIN. 400V
S21 MD7T/S21MD8T/S21MD9T
 V_{DRM} : MIN. 600V
- Isolation voltage between input and output
(V_{i-o} : 5 000V_{rms})
- Recognized by UL, file No.E64380

■ Model Line-ups

	100V line	200V line
No zero-cross circuit	S11 MD7T/ S11MD9T	S21MD7T/ S21 MD9T
Built-in zero-cross circuit	S11MD8T	S21 MD8T

■ Applications

- For triggering medium/high power triacs

■ Absolute Maximum Ratings

($T_a = 25^{\circ}C$)

Parameter	Symbol	Rating		Unit
		S11MD7T/S11MD8T/S11MD9T	S21MD7T/S21MD8T/S21MD9T	
Input	Forward current	50		mA
	Reverse voltage	6		V
output	RMS ON-state current	0.1		A _{rms}
	*1 Peak one cycle surge current	1.2		A
	Repetitive peak OFF-state voltage	400	600	V
*2 Isolation voltage	V_{iso}	5 000		V _{rms}
Operating temperature	T_{om}	- 30 to + 100		°C
Storage temperature	T_{stg}	- 55 to + 125		°C
*3 Soldering temperature	T_{sol}	260		°C

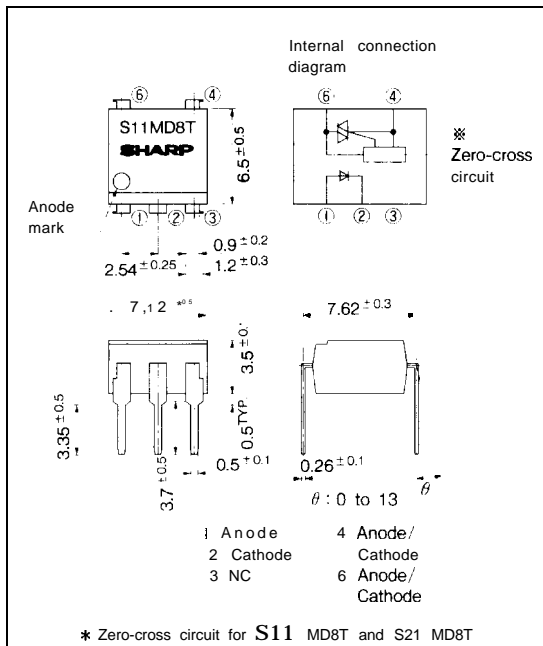
*150Hz Sine wave

*2 40 to 60 %RH, AC for 1 minute, f 60Hz

*3 For 10 seconds

■ Outline Dimensions

(Unit : mm)



Electro-optical Characteristics

($T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$)

Parameter		Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit		
Input	Forward voltage	V_F	$I_F = 20\text{mA}$	—	1.2	1.4	V		
	Reverse current	I_R	$V_R = 3\text{V}$	—	—	10^{-5}	A		
Repetitive peak OFF-state current		I_{DRM}	$V_{DRM} = \text{Rated}$	—	—	10^{-6}	A		
output	ON-state voltage	S11MD7T/S21MD7T S1 1MD9T/S21MD9T	$I_T = 0.1\text{A}$	—	1.5	2.5	v		
		S1 1MD8T/S21MD8T		—	1.7	2.5			
		—		—	—	—			
Holding current		I_H	$V_O = 6\text{V}$	0.1	0.5	3.5	mA		
Critical rate of rise of OFF-state voltage		dV/dt	$V_{DRM} = 1/\sqrt{2} \cdot \text{Rated}$	100	—	—	$\text{V}/\mu\text{s}$		
Zero-cross voltage		S11MD8T/S21MD8T	V_{OX}	Resistance load, $I_F = 10\text{mA}$		—	—	35	v
Transfer characteristics	Minimum trigger current	S11MD7T/S21MD7T S11MD8T/S21MD8T	I_{FT}	$V_D = 6\text{V}, R_L = 100\Omega$		—	—	5	mA
		S1 1MD9T/S21MD9T				—	—	7	
		—				—	—	—	
	Isolation resistance		R_{ISO}	DC500V, 40 to 60%RH		5×10^{10}	10^{11}	—	Ω
Turn-on time	S11MD7T	t_{on}	$V_D = 6\text{V}, R_L = 100\Omega$ $I_F = 20\text{mA}$		—	70	100	μs	
	S11MD9T/S21MD7T/ S21MD9T				—	60	100		
	S1 1MD8T/S21MD8T				—	20	50		

Fig. 1 RMS ON-state Current vs. Ambient Temperature

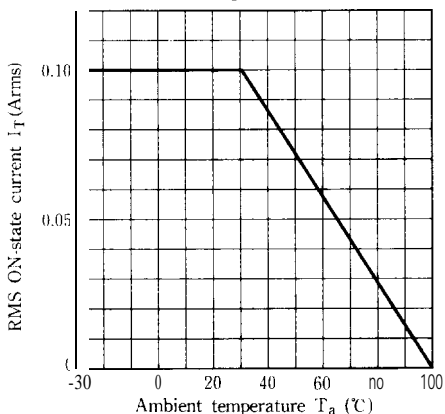


Fig. 2 Forward Current vs. Ambient Temperature

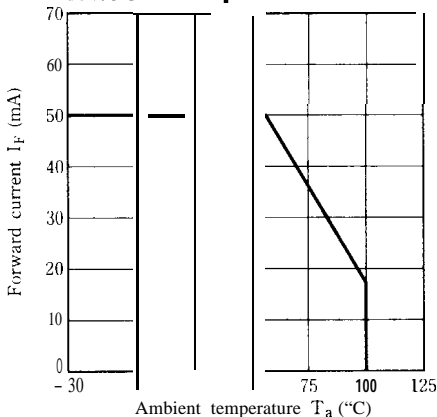


Fig. 3 Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage

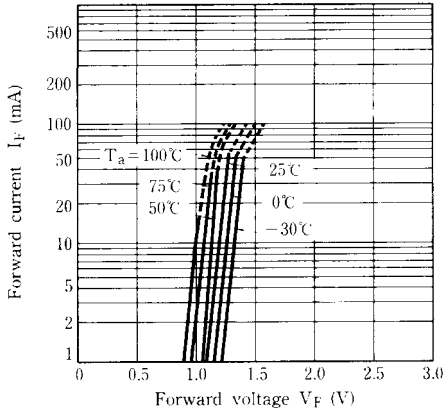


Fig. 4 Minimum Trigger Current vs. Ambient Temperature

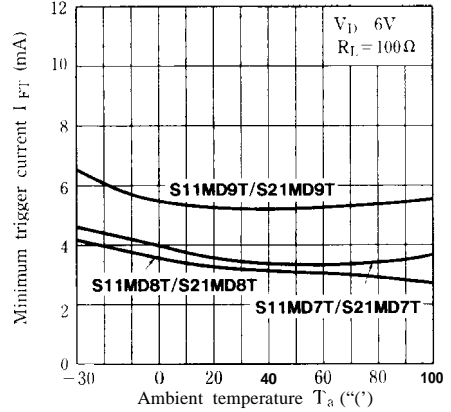


Fig. 5 Relative Repetitive Peak OFF-state Voltage vs. Ambient Temperature

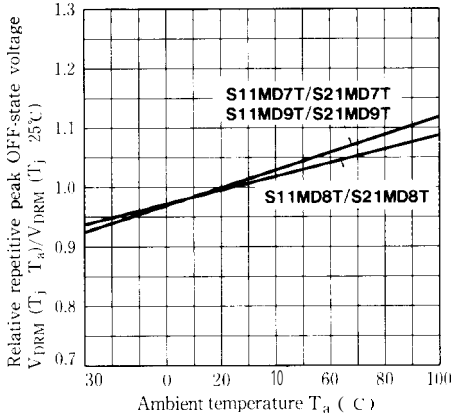


Fig. 6 ON-state Voltage vs. Ambient Temperature

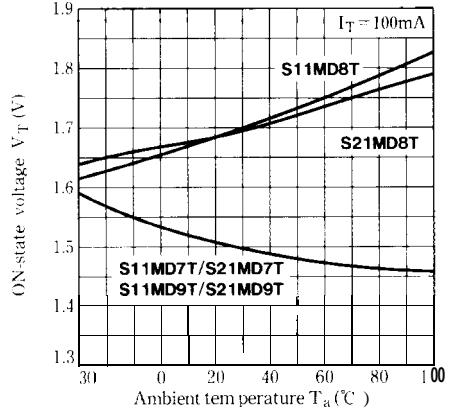


Fig. 7 Holding Current vs. Ambient Temperature

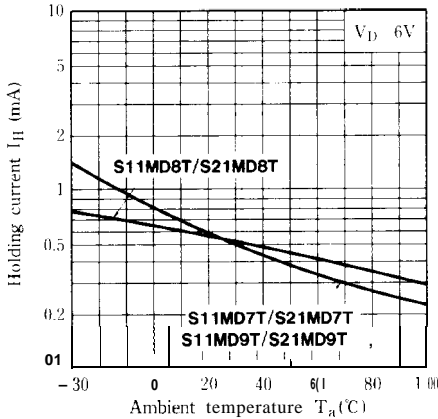


Fig. 8-a Repetitive Peak OFF-state Current vs. OFF-state Voltage (S11MD7T/S11MD9T)

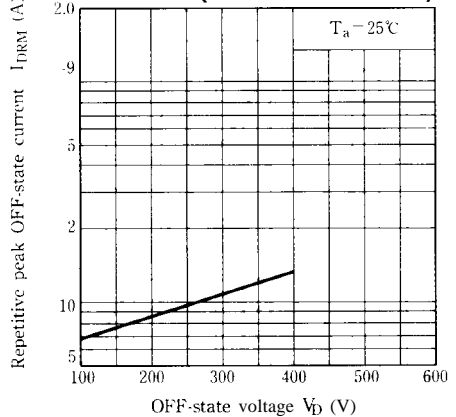


Fig. 8-b Repetitive Peak OFF-state Current vs. OFF-state Voltage

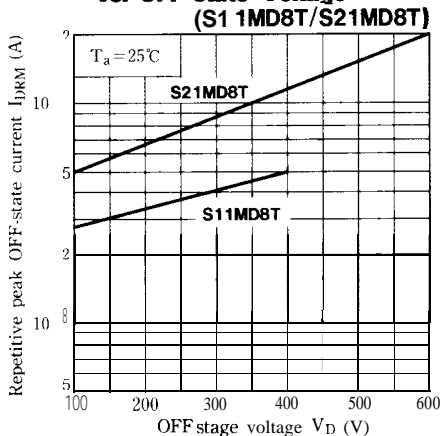


Fig. 8-c Repetitive Peak OFF-state Current vs. OFF-state Voltage

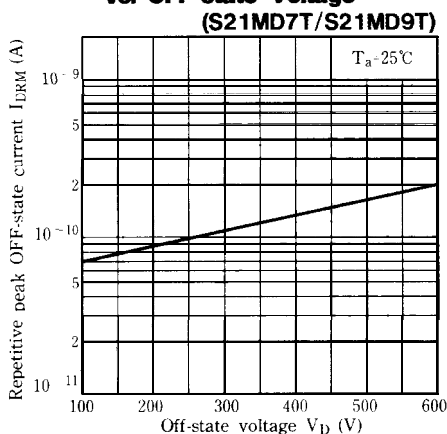


Fig. 9-a Repetitive Peak OFF-state Current vs. Ambient Temperature

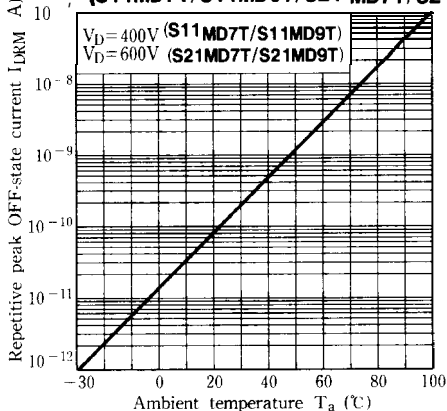


Fig. 9-b Repetitive Peak OFF-state Current vs. Ambient Temperature

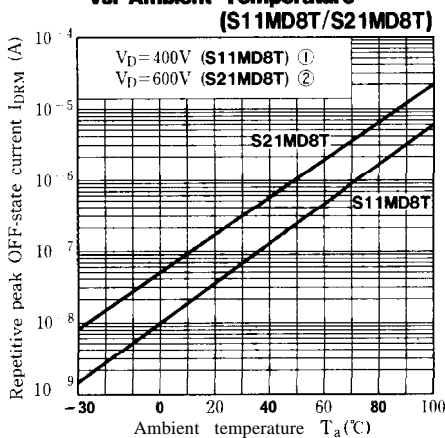


Fig. 10 Zero-cross Voltage vs. Ambient Temperature

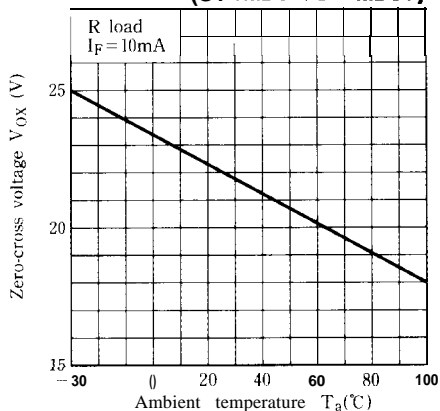


Fig. 11-a Turn-on Time vs. Forward Current

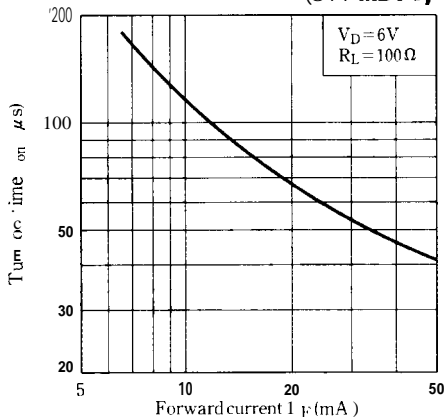


Fig.11-b Turn-on Time vs. Forward Current
(S1 1MD8T/S21MD8T)

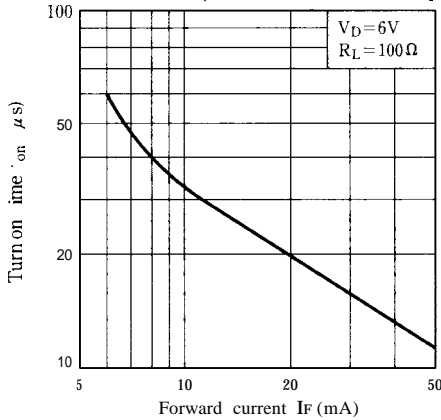


Fig.11-c Turn-on Time vs. Forward Current
(S1 1MD9T/S21MD7T/S21 MD9T)

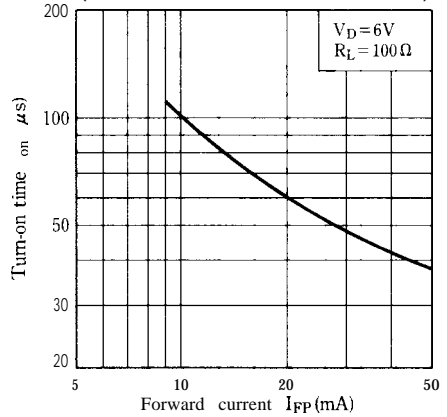


Fig.12-a ON-state Current vs. ON-state Voltage
(S11MD7T/S21MD7T/S11MD9T/S21MD9T)

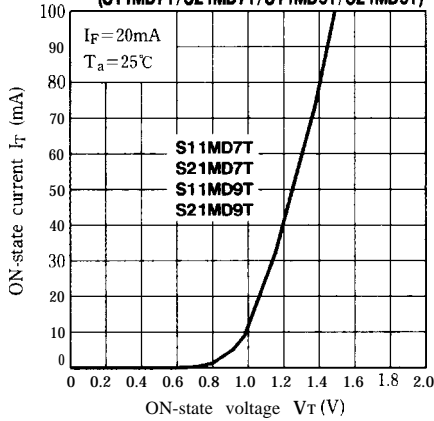
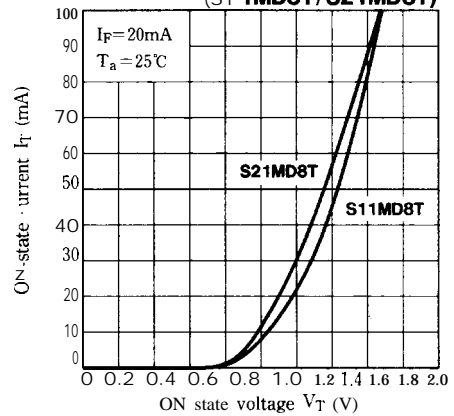
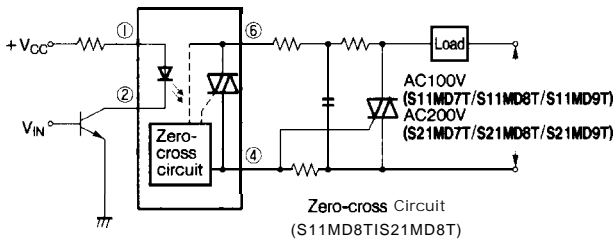


Fig.12-b ON-state Current vs. ON-state Voltage
(S1 1MD8T/S21MD8T)



■ Basic Operation Circuit

S11 MD7T/s11MD8T/S11 MD9T
S21MD7T/S21MD8T/S21MD9T



● Please refer to the chapter "Precautions for Use." (Page 78 to 93).